FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Annual Financial Report for the Year Ended September 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and City Council City of Clarendon, Texas Clarendon, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Clarendon, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Clarendon, Texas, as of September 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and retirement system analysis on pages 3-7 and 31-32 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Clarendon, Texas' basic financial statements. The combining section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining section is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements of the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and statistical section are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 2, 2015, on our consideration of the City of Clarendon, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Clarendon, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ester : Lambert LLC

Foster & Lambert L.L.C January 2, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Within this section of the City of Clarendon (City) annual financial report, the City's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosure following this section. Additional information is available in the Management's Discussion and Analysis. The discussion focused on the City's primary government.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both longterm and short-term information about the City's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the City-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of City infrastructure in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, public services, education, and culture and recreation. Business-type activities include sinclude water utilities, and solid waste management.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the funds of the City (primary government). Most of these legally separate organizations operate like City departments or are governed by a board of trustees wholly comprised of the City's Mayor and Council.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental funds-Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds-The City reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the City) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

Major funds are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

The following table provides a summary of the City's net position at September 30, 2014.

SUMMARY OF NET POSITION

| | Govern Activ | | Busine Activ | ••• | Tot | als |
|---|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| _ | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 |
| Current and other assets Capital assets-net Total assets | \$2,113,492 5,419,400 7,532,892 | \$1,335,634 6,085,551 7,421,185 | \$ 601,516 <u>1,982,270</u> 2,583,786 | \$ 559,127 2,194,187 _2,753,314 | \$ 2,715,008 | \$ 1,894,761 <u>8,279,738</u> 10,174,499 |
| Other liabilities Term liabilities Total liabilities | 47,991 <u>663,568</u> <u>711,559</u> | 280,792 531,313 812,105 | 214,140 <u>604,482</u> <u>818,622</u> | 103,815 510,925 614,740 | 262,131 <u>1,268,050</u> <u>1,530,181</u> | 384,607 <u>1,042,238</u> <u>1,426,845</u> |
| Net position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted – (Deficit) Total net position | 4,758,074 1,131,177 <u>932,082</u> \$6,821,333 | 5,554,238 542,197 <u>512,645</u> \$6,609,080 | 1,392,270 | 1,702,873 | 6,150,344 1,131,177 <u>1,304,976</u> <u>\$8,586,497</u> | 7,257,111 542,197 <u>948,346</u> \$ 8,747,654 |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

| | Govern Activ | | Busine Activ | | To | tals |
|--|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Program revenues | A 105 500 | \$ 140 CEE | \$ 857,899 | \$ 898,644 | \$ 983,429 | \$ 1,044,299 |
| Charges for services Operating grants and | \$ 125,530 | \$ 145,655 | \$ 857,899 | 5 898,044 | \$ 905,429 | \$ 1,044,299 |
| contributions | 48,000 | 33,000 | - | - | 48,000 | 33,000 |
| Capital grants and | 10,000 | | | | J | , |
| contributions | - | 66,191 | 309,172 | 226,512 | 309,172 | 292,703 |
| General revenues | | | | | | |
| Sales taxes | 311,835 | 299,370 | - | | 311,835 | 299,370 |
| Property taxes | 358,511 | 365,718 | - | | 358,511 | 365,718 |
| Franchise taxes | 78,601 | 83,583 | - | - | 78,601 | 83,583 |
| Hotel/motel tax | 88,780 | 85,696 | - | - | 88,780 | 85,696 |
| Investment earnings | 6,586 | 6,167 | - | - | 6,586 | 6,167 |
| Other income | 6,993 | 12,549 | | | 6,993 | 12,549 |
| Total revenues | 1,024,836 | 1,097,929 | 1,167,071 | 1,125,156 | 2,191,907 | 2,223,085 |
| 1 3 | | | | | | |
| Expenses: Financial administration | 368,588 | 512,551 | 50,542 | 49,503 | 419,130 | 562,054 |
| Municipal Court | 21,919 | 19,341 | 50,542 | 49,505 | 21,919 | 19,341 |
| Code Compliance | 41,874 | 30,305 | - | _ | 41,874 | 30,305 |
| Police | 138,943 | 142,176 | _ | _ | 138,943 | 142,176 |
| Fire | 23,774 | 24,867 | - | | 23,774 | 24,867 |
| Streets | 219,137 | 212,416 | - | _ | 219,137 | 212,416 |
| Parks | 1,346 | 10,264 | | - | 1,346 | 10,264 |
| Libraries | 72,001 | 81,025 | - | - | 72,001 | 81,025, |
| Airport | 16,836 | 16,521 | - | - | 16,836 | 16,521 |
| Interest on long-term debt | 9,887 | 10,862 | - | - | 9,887 | 10,862 |
| Water & Sewer | - | | 517,173 | 584,198 | 517,173 | 584,198 |
| Sanitation | - | - | 307,713 | 337,899 | 307,713 | 337,899 |
| Total expenses | 914,305 | 1,060,328 | 875,428 | 971,600 | 1,789,733 | 2,031,928 |
| | | | | | | |
| Increase (Decrease) in net | 110 521 | 27 601 | 291.643 | 153,556 | 402,174 | 191,157 |
| assets before transfers | 110,531 | 37,601 | 291,043 | 100,000 | 402,174 | 171,137 |
| Transfers In (Out) | 395,854 | (219,854) | (395,854) | 219,854 | | - |
| Change in net position | 506,385 | (182,253) | (104,211) | 373,410 | 402,174 | 191,157 |
| Beginning net position | 6,314,948 | 6,821,333 | 1,869,375 | 1,765,164 | 8,184,323 | 8,586,497 |
| Ending net position | \$6,821,333 | \$6,639,080 | \$1,765,164 | <u>\$2,138,574</u> | <u>\$8,586,497</u> | \$8,777,65 4 |
| - · | | | | | | |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$6,609,080. Of this year-end total, approximately \$512,645 is unreserved indicating availability for continuing City service requirements.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds show a decrease of \$182,253 from current year activity.

Proprietary funds

Proprietary Funds - Revenues of the City's business-type activities were \$898,644 which consisted mostly of water, sewer, and sanitation system charges. Water, sewer, and sanitation system expenses for the year ended September 30, 2014, exceeded revenues by \$63,819.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund expenditures for fiscal year 2014 were \$614,470, which were \$46,836 less than the budgeted amount of \$661,306.

The General Fund budget complied with financial policies approved by the City Council and maintained core City services.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its government-wide activities as of September 30, 2014, amounts to \$8,279,738 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and improvements.

Capital Assets at Year-end (Net of Depreciation)

| | Governmental Activities 2013 | Governmental Activities 2014 | Business- type Activities 2013 | Business- type Activities 2014 | Total 2013 | Total 2014 |
|----------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|----------------|----------------|
| Land | \$ 24,503 | \$ 24,503 | \$ - | \$- | \$ 24,503 | \$ 24,503 |
| Infrastructure | 5,185,262 | 5,819,367 | 1,818,678 | 1,973,180 | 7,003,940 | 7,792,547 |
| Buildings | 109,778 | 154,438 | 12,425 | 11,725 | 122,203 | 166,163 |
| Equipment | <u>99,857</u> | <u>87,243</u> | <u>151,167</u> | <u>209,282</u> | <u>251,024</u> | <u>296,525</u> |
| Totals | \$5,419,400 | \$6,085,551 | \$1,982,270 | \$2,194,187 | \$7,401,670 | \$8,279,738 |

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

This year's major additions included:

| Governmental activities: Paving Playground equipment | \$ 716,787 48,892 |
|--|----------------------|
| Business-type activities: | |
| Water Project | 192,824 |
| 2 - 2013 Ford Pickups | 43,000 |
| 236D Cat Skid Loader | 33,688 |

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$1,022,628 of bonds, tax notes and notes payable, as shown below:

Outstanding Debt at Year-end

| | Governm Activiti 2013 | ies | Governmen Activities 2014 | | Business- Activit 2013 | ies | Business- Activiti 2014 | | | Total 2013 | Tota 201 | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Notes payable Obligation | \$ 2 | 6,326 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 26,326 | \$ | - |
| bonds | 63. | 5,000 | 531, | 314 | | - | | - | | 635,000 | | ,314 |
| Tax Notes Total | <u>\$ 66</u> | - 1,326 | \$ 531, | <u>314</u> | |) <u>,000</u>),000 | <u>491</u> \$_491 | <u>,314</u> ,314 | \$1 | <u>590,000</u> .251.326 | <u>491</u> \$1,022 | <u>,314</u> ,628 |

Economic Factors and Next Year

The City has just completed three major projects; a \$275,000 sewer line improvement grant, a \$700,000 paving project, and a \$650,000 project to replace water lines under City streets. For the 2014-15 fiscal year application is being submitted for a water improvement grant to replace the current standpipe and water lines in that area.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the City of Clarendon, P.O. Box 1089, Clarendon, Texas 79226.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

| | | Primary Governme | nt | Component Unit |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|
| | | Business | | Nonmajor |
| | Governmental | Туре | | Component |
| | Activities | Activities | Total | Unit |
| | | <u></u> | | |
| Assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 199,809 | \$ 417,769 | \$ 617,578 | \$ 162,308 |
| Investments | 208,780 | 71 | 208,780 | - |
| Receivables (net of allowance | | | | |
| for uncollectibles) | 115,998 | 82,367 | 198,365 | 18,306 |
| Restricted assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 806,047 | 58,991 | 865,038 | - |
| Investments | 5,000 | - | 5,000 | - |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | 24,503 | - | 24,503 | - |
| Capital assets net of accumulated | | | | |
| depreciation: | | | | |
| Infrastructure | 5,819,367 | 1,973,180 | 7,792,547 | - |
| Buildings, net | 154,438 | 11,725 | 166,163 | 296,498 |
| Machinery and Equipment, net | 87,243 | 209,282 | 296,525 | - |
| Machinery and Equipment, net | 01,240 | 200,202 | | |
| Total assets | 7,421,185 | 2,753,314 | 10,174,499 | 477,112 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Accounts payable and other | | | | |
| current liabilities | 11.942 | 44,824 | 56,766 | |
| Payable from restricted assets: | 11,012 | .,, | 50,000 | |
| Accounts payable | 268,850 | | 268,850 | |
| Customer deposits | 200,000 | 58,991 | 58,991 | |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | | 00,007 | 00,001 | |
| Due Within One Year | 65,000 | 60,000 | 125,000 | - |
| Due in More Than One Year | 466,313 | 450,925 | 917.238 | - |
| Due in more than one rear | 400,010 | 100,020 | 011,200 | |
| Total liabilities | 812,105 | 614,740 | 1,426,845 | |
| Net Position | | | | |
| Invested in Capital Assets, | | | | |
| net of related debt | 5,554,238 | 1,702,873 | 7,257,111 | - |
| Restricted | 21,536 | | 21,536 | 477,112 |
| Unrestricted Net Position | 1,033,306 | 435,701 | 1,469,007 | - |
| onestroted Net Fostion | 1,000,000 | 100,101 | | |
| Total net position | \$ 6,609,080 | \$ 2,138,574 | \$ 8,747,654 | \$ 477,112 |
| | | | | |

| | | LL. | Program Revenues | 0 | | Net (Expense Changes in | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| | | | Operating | | | Primary Government | ment | Component Unit |
| | Expenses | Charges for Services | Contributions | Gontributions | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | Nonmajor Component Unit |
| Primary Government | | | | | | | | · |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | , |
| Financial Administration | 5 512,551 | \$ 6,480 | 44 | \$ 17,299 | \$ (488,772) | θ¢ | \$ (488,772) | ۰ ج |
| Municipal Court | 140,91 | 20,013 | | • | 9/7'L | ' | 8/7'1 | • |
| Code compliance | 30,305 | 3,028 | 1 | | (27,277) | 1 | (27,277) | |
| Police Department | 142.176 | • | • | ł | (142,176) | | (142,176) | ı |
| Fire Protection | 24,867 | , | , | ŀ | (24,867) | • | (24,867) | ł |
| Highways and Streets | 212,416 | 103,149 | t | • | (109,267) | • | (109,267) | |
| Parks | 10,264 | | ' | 48,892 | 38,628 | • | 38,628 | |
| Libraries | 81,025 | 4,360 | 33,000 | F | (43,665) | ł | (43,665) | • |
| Airport | 16,521 | 8,019 | ı | F | (8,502) | ı | (8,502) | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 10,862 | 1 | 1 | 1 | (10.862) | F | (10.862) | |
| Total governmental activities | 1,060,328 | 145,655 | 33,000 | 66,191 | (815,482) | 1 | (815,482) | |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Water and Sewer Fund | 584,198 | 605,825 | • | 226,512 | r | 248,139 | 248,139 | |
| Sanitation | 337,899 | 292,819 | ı | ı | ŀ | (45,080) | (45,080) | |
| Financial Administration Total business-type activities | 49,503 971,600 | - 898,644 | • • | 226.512 | | (49,503) 153.556 | (49,503) 153,556 | , |
| Total primary government | \$ 2,031,928 | \$ 1,044,299 | \$ 33,000 | s 292,703 | \$ (815,482) | \$ 153,556 | \$ (661,926) | ' د |
| Component Unit | | | | | | | | |
| Nonmajor Component Unit Total Component Units | \$ 138,909 \$ 138,909 | , г Ср | , , භූභ | \$ 84,672 \$ 84,672 | • • • | , сл сл | • • | \$ (54,237) (54,237) |
| | 1 | ÷ | | | | + | 2 | () C3'EC |
| | General revenues: | | | | 200 | | 1400 1400 | |
| | Salas faxes | 0 | | | 200, 270 | | 200, 10 | - 00 700 |
| | Franchise taxes | es | | | 83.583 | | 83,583 | |
| | Other taxes | | | | 85,696 | | 85,696 | 95,457 |
| | Miscellaneous revenue | revenue | | | 12,549 | , | 12,549 | |
| | Investment earning | nings | | | 6,167 | | 6,167 | 400 |
| | Total paparol re Total paparol re | utt) di revenues and fro | anafara | | (218,854) | 219,854 | , 060 000 | 305 CA1 |
| | Change in | rotal general tevenues and manarets Change in net position | | | (182,253) | 373.410 | 191 157 | 140,047 |
| | Net position - Beginning | beginning | | | ۳ | 1,765,164 | 00 | |
| | Net position - Ending | Ending | | | \$ 6,639,080 | \$ 2,138,574 | \$ 8,777,654 | \$ 477,112 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

| | | | 2 | 2014 | | | 2013 |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | General Fund | Capital Projects Fund | Community Development Fund | Debt Service Fund | Other Funds | Total Government Funds | Total Government Funds |
| ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments | \$ 199,809 208,780 | ч ч | СЭ З | ю. | н) 69- | \$ 199,809 208,780 | \$ 309,216 |
| for uncollectibles) | 99,684 | | | 16,314 | | 115,998 | 111,615 |
| resultion assets. Cash and cash equivalents Investments | 88,234 | 283,184 - | | 7,202 | 427,427 5,000 | 806,047 5,000 | 1,687,661 5,000 |
| Total assets | \$ 596,507 | \$ 283,184 | | \$ 23,516 | \$ 432,427 | \$ 1,335,634 | S 2,113,492 |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts pavable | ດ ຊິສິ21 ເ | S 268,850 8 | ۱ ب | , v | م | S 274.671 | 8 43 846 |
| Accrued wages payable | | | • • | • | , , | | |
| Total liabilities | 10,598 | 268,850 | 8 | | 1 | 279,448 | 46,712 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes | 32.248 32.248 | - | | 16,314 | - | 48,562 | 51,136 |
| Fund balances: Restricted | | | | | | | |
| Debt Service | ı | • | , | 7,202 | • | 7,202 | 67,769 |
| Capital improvement Assigned for | ŀ | 14,334 | • | ł | , | 14,334 | 1,063,408 |
| Court technology | 4 | , | I | , | 2,012 | 2,012 | 1,991 |
| Library | | • | , | I | 114,836 | 114,836 | 119,473 |
| Tourism | | | 3 | , | 117,291 | 117,291 | 177,212 |
| Airport improvement | 14,604 | | • | ſ | 1 | 14,604 | 14,546 |
| Capital Improvement Finessinned | 13,63U ARE 427 | | | , , | 198,288 | 271,918 Are 427 | 219,725 361 520 |
| Total fund balances | 553,661 | 14,334 | | 7,202 | 432,427 | 1,007,624 | 2,015,644 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances | \$ 596,507 | \$ 283,184 | , s | \$ 23,516 | \$ 432,427 | \$ 1,335,634 | S 2,113,492 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

| Governmental activities fund balance | \$ 1,007,624 |
|---|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | 6,085,551 |
| Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due. | (484,095) |

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 6,609,080

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

| | | | 2014 | 14 | | | 2013 |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | General Fund | Capital Projects Fund | Community Development Fund | Debt Service Fund | Other Funds | Total Government Funds | Total Government Funds |
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: Decedutions | \$ 248 976 | c, | Ģ | S 150.018 | ÷ | 000 300 a | 630736 3 |
| Flupery taxes General sales and rise faves | | • | • • | | • • | 200°220 | 400-100 0 311 895 |
| Franchise tax | 83,583 | | , | | | 83,583 | 78,601 |
| Other taxes | | · | • | 1 | 85,696 | 85,696 | 88,780 |
| Intergovernmental revenue and grants | 33,000 | | 32,299 | L | | 65,299 | 291,752 |
| Fines and fees | 22,562 | , | • | 1 | 108,594 | 131,156 | 121,028 |
| Donation | 33,892 | ' | | ' | • | 33,892 | • |
| Investment eamings | 3,894 | 1,305 | • | 1 | 968 | 6,167 | 6,586 |
| Other revenue | 25,223 | , | , , | | 1,825 | 27,048 | 26,495 |
| Total revenues | 719,800 | 1,305 | 32,299 | 150,016 | 197,083 | 1,100,503 | 1,279,929 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | |
| Administration | 149.815 | • | · | · | 146,060 | 295,875 | 321,208 |
| Municipal court | 18,956 | , | | , | 385 | 19,341 | 21,919 |
| Code compliance | 30,188 | • | • | • | , | 30,188 | 41,117 |
| Police | 142,176 | ' | | | | 142,176 | 138,943 |
| Fire protection | 22,631 | + | • | : | | 22.631 | 21.538 |
| Highways and streets | 135,487 | | • | 1 | 1 | 135,487 | 141,880 |
| Parks | 8,428 | | ŗ | | ' | 8,428 | 384 |
| Libraries | 69,823 | • | • | , | 11,347 | 81,170 | 71,878 |
| Airport | 3,074 | | ' | ' | | 3,074 | 3,390 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | |
| Principal | • | 5 | | 130,012 | ' | 130,012 | 65,000 |
| Interest | 4 | • | • | 10,796 | , | 10,796 | 8,609 |
| Capital outlay: | | | | | | | |
| Capital outlay | 33,892 | 943,300 | 32,299 | | - | 1,009,491 | 319,622 |
| Total expenditures | 614,470 | 943,300 | 32,299 | 140,808 | 157.792 | 1,888,669 | 1,155,488 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | 105,330 | (941,995) | - | 9,208 | 39,291 | (788,166) | 124,441 |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | |
| Loan proceeds | | | I | | | | 700,000 |
| Transfers (net) Total other financing | 9,000 | (107,079) | • | (69,775) | (52,000) | (219,854) | 395,854 |
| sources (uses) | 9,000 | (107,079) | | (69,775) | (52.000) | (219,854) | 1,095,854 |
| Net change | 114,330 | (1.049.074) | , | (60.567) | (12.709) | (1.008,020) | 1,220,295 |
| Fund balance - October 1 (Beginning) | 439,331 | 1,063,408 | | 61,769 | 445,136 | 2,015,644 | 795.349 |
| Fund balance - September 30 (Ending) | \$ 553,661 | \$ 14,334 | ۲ جه | \$ 7,202 | \$ 432,427 | \$ 1,007,624 | \$ 2,015,644 |
| | | | | | | | |

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | |
|--|----------------|
| Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds | \$ (1,008,020) |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. | 696,151 |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. | 129,946 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | 2,242 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. The current-year change recognized in the government-wide financial statements is \$2,572. This results in a decrease in net position. | (2,572) |
| Changes in net position of governmental activities | \$ (182,253) |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

| | Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds | |
|---|--|----------------------|
| Assets | 2014 | 2013 |
| Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net of | \$ 417,769 | \$ 464,481 |
| allowance for uncollectibles) Restricted assets: | 82,367 | 81,939 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 58,991 | 55,096 |
| Total current assets | 559,127 | 601,516 |
| Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: | | |
| Infrastructure | 2,569,858 | 2,377,034 |
| Buildings | 46,797 | 46,797 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 630,176 | 553,488 |
| Accumulated Depreciation-Capital Assets | (1,052,644) | (995,049) |
| Total noncurrent assets | 2,194,187 | 1,982,270 |
| Total assets | 2,753,314 | 2,583,786 |
| Liabilities | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | 35,000 | 150,644 |
| Accrued payroll | 8,581 | 7,222 |
| Accrued interest payable | 1,243 | 1,178 |
| Customer deposits-payable from | co. 004 | FF 000 |
| restricted assets | 58,991 | 55,096 |
| Tax notes payable-current portion | 60,000 | <u> </u> |
| Total current liabilities | 163,815 | 274,140 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | |
| Compensated absences | 19,611 | 14,482 |
| Tax notes payable-net of current portion | 431,314 | 530,000 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 450,925 | 544,482 |
| Total liabilities | 614,740 | 818,622 |
| Net Position Invested in capital assets, | 4 700 070 | 1 202 270 |
| net of related debt | 1,702,873 435,701 | 1,392,270 372,894 |
| Unrestricted net position | | |
| Total net position | \$ 2,138,574 | \$ 1,765,164 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

| | Business-type Activities- Enterprise Funds | |
|---|--|---|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Operating revenues: Charges for Water Services Sanitation Charges for Services Total operating revenues | \$ 605,825 292,819 898,644 | \$ 571,688 286,211 857,899 |
| Operating expenses: Personal Services-Salaries and Wages Personal Services-Employee Benefits Purchased Property Services Other Operating Expenses Supplies Depreciation Total operating expenses | 313,599 85,438 313,949 173,611 18,271 57,595 962,463 (63,819) | 288,346 72,271 310,867 134,162 18,780 41,827 866,253 (8,354) |
| Operating income (loss) Other expense: Interest expense | 9,137 | 9,175 |
| Contributions and operating transfers: Capital contributions Transfer in Transfers out Total contributions and operating transfers | 226,512 219,854 - 446,366 | 309,172 (395,854) (86,682) |
| Change in Net Position | 373,410 | (104,211) |
| Total Net Position - October 1 (Beginning) Total Net Position - September 30 (Ending) | 1,765,164 \$2,138,574 | 1,869,375 \$ 1,765,164 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

| | To Enter Fui | prise |
|---|--------------------|------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Receipts from customers and users | \$ 898,216 | \$ 853,080 |
| Payments to suppliers | (706,913) | (422,099) |
| Payments to employees | (307,111) | (288,997) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | (115,808) | 141,984 |
| Cash flows provided by noncapital | | |
| financing activities | | |
| Operating transfers | 219,854 | (395,854) |
| Cash flows from capital and related | | |
| financing activities | | |
| Proceeds long-term debt | ~ | 650,000 |
| Principal paid on long-term debt | (98,686) | (60,000) |
| Interest paid | (9,072) | (7,996) |
| Purchase of equipment | (43,000) | (331,110) |
| Net cash (used) by capital | | |
| and related financing activities | (150,758) | 250,894 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Customer deposits | 3,895 | 1,090 |
| Net cash provided by | | |
| investing activities | 3,895_ | 1,090 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | (42,817) | (1,886) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 519,577 | 521,463 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$ 476,760 | \$ 519,577 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to | | |
| net cash provided (used) by operating | | |
| activities: | | |
| Operating income | \$ (63,819) | \$ (8,354) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income | | |
| to net cash provided (used) by operating | | |
| activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 57,595 | 41,827 |
| Interest expense | | |
| (Increase) decrease in current assets: | (100) | (1.0.10) |
| Receivables | (428) | (4,819) |
| Increase (decrease) in current liabilities: | 1445 044 | 442.004 |
| Accounts payable | (115,644) | 113,981 |
| Accrued payroll | 6,488 | (651) |
| Net cash provided by | \$ (115,808) | \$ 141,984 |
| operating activities | <u> </u> | Ψ 131,003 |
| Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: | | |
| Assets contributed from Capital Projects Fund | \$ 226,512 | \$ 309,172 |

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the City of Clarendon, Texas, reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standard*.

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. The City was incorporated under the Constitution of the State of Texas (Type A General Law). As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component unit, an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The component unit is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and 1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or 2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burden on the City. The primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such the exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The financial statements are formatted to allow the user to clearly distinguish between the primary government and its component unit. Because of the closeness of their relationship with the primary government (the City), some component units are blended as though they are part of the primary government; most component units are discretely presented. The City's component unit is as follows:

The Clarendon Economic Development Corporation ("Development Corporation") was created in 1995 for the special purpose of promoting and developing commercial, industrial, and manufacturing enterprises and encouraging employment within the boundaries of the City. The members of the Development Corporation's financial activities are discretely presented in the City's financial statements as a governmental fund. Complete financial statements of the Development Corporation can be obtained from the City's administration office.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities are reflected on a full accrual economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes, charges for services, and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included on program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for the governmental funds. The General Fund, Hotel/Motel, Library Savings, Improvement, and Debt Service Fund meet criteria as *major governmental funds*. The major funds are reported in a separate column in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds include Capital Project and Special Revenue funds. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIC OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenues imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, investment earnings, and other miscellaneous revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available and include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue.

Property, franchise, sales, and hotel occupancy taxes and investment income are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. The portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **<u>General Fund</u>** is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the funds construction projects.

The Community Development Fund is used to account for grant funds used for capital improvement.

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term tax certificates debt of the government funds.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The <u>Enterprise Fund</u> is used to account for water and sewer service operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the governing body has decided the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continuation

D. ASSESTS, LIABILITES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities in the next 12 months.

2. Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible. Trade accounts receivable primarily consist of charges for services provided by the City to customers for water, sewer, and sanitation. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 50% of the delinquent taxes receivable at September 30, 2014.

The City's property taxes are levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the City. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are due by January 31 following the October 1 levy date and are considered delinquent after January 31 of each year and added to the delinquent roll after June 30.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, improvements, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), purchased or acquired, are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost is not available. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. There was no capitalized interest during the current fiscal year.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the useful lives of assets are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Assets | Years |
|----------------------|-------|
| Buildings | 50 |
| Improvements | 20 |
| Furniture & fixtures | 7 |
| General equipment | 7 |
| Vehicles | 7-15 |
| Computer hardware | 5 |
| Infrastructure | 75 |

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continuation

D. ASSESTS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSESTS OR EQUALITY - Continuation

4. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the General Fund held for specific purposes in accordance with legal restrictions, are comprised of the following:

| General Fund: Cash and cash equivalents | |
|--|-------------------|
| Capital projects | \$ 283,184 |
| Tourism | 117,291 |
| Library | 109,836 |
| Improvement | 271,918 |
| Debt service | 7,202 |
| Airport improvement | 14,604 |
| Technology | 2,012 |
| Total Cash and cash equivalents | <u>\$ 806,047</u> |
| Investments | |
| Library | \$ 5,000 |
| Water & Sewer Fund: | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | <u>\$ 58,991</u> |

5. Compensated Absences

The City's permanent, full-time employees earn sick leave (up to a maximum of 720 hours) based on days employed. The policy provides for payment of sick leave upon retirement, contingent upon the employee providing a minimum of two weeks notice of his/her intent to retire.

Amounts are accrued in the government-wide financial statements

Per GASB Interpretation No. 6, liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e. are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements.

The City's permanent, full-time employees earn vacation leave (up to a maximum of 120 hours per year) based on days employed. Vacation leave accrues monthly up to the maximum allowed per year, so no accrual is booked.

6. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Fund Equity

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

 Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are not in nonspendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continuation

D. ASSESTS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSESTS OR EQUALITY - Continuation

- Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., City Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance—amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be
 expressed by the City Council or by an official or body to which the City Council delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Beginning fund balances for the City's governmental funds have been restated to reflect the above classifications.

The City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

8. Budgets and budgetary accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to September of each fiscal year, the City Secretary submits an annual budget to the City Council.
- b. The City Council provides for a public hearing on the City budget before the end of August and prior to the levy of taxes by the Council.
- c. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by order of the Council for the General Fund.
- d. The budget is prepared by fund and department with the legal level of control at the departmental level. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed account or object class budgets within the departments. Emergency expenditures to meet unusual and unforeseen conditions which could not, by reasonable diligent thought and attention, have been included in the original budget, whereby total expenditures of a department have been increased must be authorized by the Council as emergency amendments to the original budget. Management may not amend the budget at any level without approval of the Council. Amounts shown in the financial statements represent the original adopted budget are in the Final Budget Amounts column of the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for General Fund.
- e. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) on the modified accrual basis of accounting on an annual basis.

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES -- Continuation

D. ASSESTS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSESTS OR EQUALITY – Continuation

- f. Formal budgetary integration on an annual basis is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- g. All appropriations lapse at the end of the City's fiscal year and may be re-budgeted the next year.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of the City's cash and deposit balances as of September 30, 2014:

| Cash and deposit balances consist of | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Bank deposits | \$ 1,369,557 |
| Certificates of deposit | 489,148 |
| Total | \$ 1,858,705 |

Cash and investment balances are reported in the basic financial statements as follows:

| Government-wide Statement of net position | \$ 1,696,397 |
|---|---------------------|
| Component Unit | 162,308 |
| Total | <u>\$ 1,858,705</u> |

As of September 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the City's bank deposits and certificates of deposit was \$1,696,397, and the respective bank balances totaled \$1,748,273. The entire balance was covered by federal depository insurance and securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent held in City's name.

As of September 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the Economic Development Corporation's book balance was \$162,308, and the respective bank balances totaled \$162,454. The total bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Company (FDIC) coverage.

State statutes and City resolutions authorize the City's investments. The City is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; insured or collateralized certificates of deposit; certain municipal securities; money market savings accounts; fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and government investment pools.

As of September 30, 2014, the City held investments only in certificates of deposit with a maturity of less than one year and are included in cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Net Position. These were adequately insured and collateralized as discussed above.

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continuation

Deposits of the City can be exposed to risk that has the potential to result in losses. The following is an analysis of those risks:

• Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The City will minimize credit risk by limiting investments to certain types of securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the City will do business, and diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one individual issuer will be minimized. At year-end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

- Custodial credit risk occurs when deposits are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are
 uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized
 with securities held by the pledging of financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the
 pledging of financial institutions trust department or agent but not in the City's name. At year-end, the City
 was not significantly exposed to custodial credit risk.
- Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

To eliminate risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, or class of securities, all cash and cash equivalent assets in all City funds shall be diversified by maturity, issuer, and class of security. At year-end, the City was not significantly exposed to concentration of credit risk related to deposits and investments.

 Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The City will minimize interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity. The City's policy is to not directly invest in securities maturity more than six (6) months from date of purchase. The City will also invest operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limits the average maturity of the portfolio. At year-end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, The City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES

The City is authorized by the tax laws of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$.80 per \$100 of assessed valuation, for general governmental services, and the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The tax rates to finance general governmental services and the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2014, were \$.39 and \$.26, respectively, per \$100 valuation. The combined tax rate on the 2013 tax roll was \$.65 per \$100, which means that the City has a tax margin of \$.15 per \$100 and could raise up to \$85,016 additional taxes from the 2013 assessed valuation.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the fiscal year, the deferred revenue amount reported represents amounts unavailable to liquidate the liabilities of the current period.

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the City, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

| | Governmental | Business- | |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Activities | type Activities | Total |
| Taxes and assessments | \$ 164,560 | \$ - | \$ 164,560 |
| Customer-trade | | 91,067 | 91,067 |
| Gross receivables | 164,560 | 91,067 | 255,627 |
| Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts | 48,562 | 8,700 | 57,262 |
| Net total receivables | <u>\$ 115,998</u> | \$ 82,367 | <u>\$ 198,365</u> |

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Clarendon Economic Development Corporation receivables at September 30, 2014, consist of the following:

Taxes and assessments \$18,306

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2014, is as follows:

| | Beginning Balance | Additions/ Transfers | Retirements/ Transfers | Ending Balance |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being | | | | |
| depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being | <u>\$ 24,503</u> | \$ | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 24,503</u> |
| depreciated: | 24,503 | | | 24,503 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Infrastructure | 7,759,849 | 716,787 | - | 8,476,636 |
| Buildings and improvements | 458,434 | 48,892 | | 507,326 |
| Equipment | 975,396 | | | 975,396 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated: | 9,193,679 | 765,679 | L. | 9,959,358 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Infrastructure | (2,574,587) | (82,682) | - | (2,657,269) |
| Buildings and improvements | (348,656) | (4,232) | - | (352,888) (888,153) |
| Equipment Total accumulated depreciation | (875,539) (3,798,782) | <u>(12,614)</u> (99,528) | - | (3,898,310) |
| | (0,100,102) | | | |
| Total capital assets, being | F 204 907 | 000 464 | | 6,061,048 |
| depreciated, net | 5,394,897 | 666,151 | | 0,001,040 |
| Governmental activities capital | | | | |
| assets, net | <u>\$ 5,419,400</u> | <u>\$ 666,151</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 6,085,551</u> |
| Business-type activities: | | | | |
| Capital assets, being | | | | |
| depreciated: Infrastructure | 2,377,034 | 192,824 | - | 2,569,858 |
| Buildings | 46,797 | - | - | 46,797 |
| Equipment | 553,488 | 76,688 | | 630,176 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated: | 2,977,319 | 269,512 | _ | 3,246,831 |
| depreciated. | 2,077,010 | 200,012 | | |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | (20, 202) | | (596,678) |
| Infrastructure | (558,356) (34,373) | (38,322) (699) | | (35,072) |
| Buildings Equipment | (402,320) | (18,574) | | (420,894) |
| Total accumulated | | | | (1.050.014) |
| depreciation | (995,049) | (57,595) | - | (1,052,644) |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | 1,982,270 | 211,917 | | 2,194,187 |
| Business-type activities capital assets, net | <u>\$ 1,982,270</u> | <u>\$ 211,917</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$2,194,187</u> |

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continuation

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| Governmental activities: | | |
|--|-----------|--------|
| General government | \$ | 3,613 |
| Street | | 77,933 |
| Fire | | 2,236 |
| Animal control | | 464 |
| Park | | 1,836 |
| Airport | | 13,446 |
| Total depreciation expense – governmental activities: | \$ | 99,528 |
| Business-type activities: | | |
| Water and Sewer | \$ | 47,974 |
| Sanitation | | 9,621 |
| Total depreciation expense – business-type activities: | <u>\$</u> | 57,595 |

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLE, AND TRANSFERS

Government interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2014, were as follows:

| | Transfers Out | Transfers In |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Governmental activities | \$ 219,854 | \$ - |
| Business-type activities | | 219,854 |
| Total primary government | <u>\$ 219,854</u> | <u>\$ 219,854</u> |

Eliminations

Interfund transfers are reported in the governmental activities fund financial statements. In the entity-wide statements, interfund transfers are eliminated within the governmental activities column.

Purpose of Transfers

Primarily, transfers are used to 1) move amounts collected in the general fund representing the approved increase in charges for services designated by Council for use in improving the City's streets, 2) move unrestricted revenues accumulated in the general fund to finance the City's part of a community development project, and 3) move any amount recorded in an inappropriate fund to the correct fund in which the amount should be accounted.

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity of the City of Clarendon for the year ended September 30, 2014:

| | Beginning Balance | Additions | Retirements | Ending Balance | Amount Due in One Year |
|---|---|---|--|--|---|
| Governmental activities: General Obligation Bond Bank note payable Compensated absences Total Governmental activities | \$ 635,000 26,326 2,242 \$ 663,568 | \$ - - <u>\$</u> - | \$ 103,686 26,326 <u>2,242</u> \$ 132,254 | \$ 531,314 <u>\$ 531,314</u> | \$ 65,000 - <u>-</u> \$ 65,000 |
| Business-type activities: Tax Notes, 2012 Compensated absences Total Business-type activities | \$ 590,000 14,482 \$_604,482 | \$ - <u>5,129</u> <u>\$ 5,129</u> | \$ 98,686 | \$ 491,314 <u>19,611</u> <u>\$ 510,925</u> | \$ 60,000 <u>-</u> <u>\$ 60,000</u> |

General obligation bonds and tax notes at September 30, 2014, are comprised of the following individual issues:

| | Range of Interest Rates | Final Maturity Date | Annual Serial Payments | Bonds Authorized | Bonds Outstanding At 9/30/14 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| | | | \$ 65,000- | | |
| General Obligation Bond | 1.62% | 2/15/19 | 190,000 | \$ 700,000 | \$ 531,314 |
| Rusiness type activities: | | | | | |
| buainesa-type activities. | | | \$60.000- | | |
| Tax Notes, 2012 | 1.62% | 2/15/19 | 175,000 | 650,000 | 491,31 4 |
| Business-type activities: | | | \$60,000- | | |

Debt maturities for general obligation bonds and tax notes, are as follows:

| Due During Fiscal Year <u>Ending</u> Governmental activities: | Principal | Interest | Total |
|---|---|---|---|
| General Obligation Bond 2015 2016 2017 2018 Subsequent Total | \$ 65,000 65,000 185,000 <u>151,314</u> \$ 531,314 | 8,607 7,554 6,501 5,448 2,451 \$ | 73,607 72,554 71,501 190,448 <u>153,765</u> \$_561,875 |
| Business-type activities: Tax Notes, 2012 2015 2016 2017 2018 Subsequent Total | \$ 60,000 60,000 175,000 <u>136,314</u> \$ <u>491,314</u> | 7,959 6,987 6,015 5,043 <u>2,208</u> \$28,212 | 67,959 66,987 66,015 180,043 <u>138,522</u> \$ 519,526 |

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The City of Clarendon provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the city are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained from TMRS' website at www.TMRS.com

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City of Clarendon, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes. Plan provisions for the City of Clarendon were as follows:

| Deposit Rate | 5% |
|------------------------------|--------|
| Matching ratio (to employee) | 1 to 1 |
| A member is vested after: | 5 yrs |

Members can retire at certain ages, based on the years of service with the City of Clarendon. The service retirement eligibilities for the City of Clarendon are: 5 yrs/age 60, 20 yrs/any age.

CONTRIBUTIONS:

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that city. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rate include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the tare goes into effect. The annual pension cost and net pension obligation/ (assets) are as follows;

| Fiscal Year | Annual | Annual | Percentage | Net |
|-------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| | Pension | Contribution | Of APC | Pension |
| | <u>Cost (APC)</u> | <u>Made</u> | Contributed | Obligation |
| 2012 | 5,227 | 5,227 | 100% | - |
| 2013 | 1,772 | 1,772 | 100% | |
| 2014 | 1,283 | 1,283 | 100% | |

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - Continuation

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2014 were determined as part of the December 31, 2011 and 2012 actuarial valuations. Addition al information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2013, also follows:

| | 12/31/11 | <u>12/31/12</u> | <u>12/31/13</u> |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Actuarial Cost Method | Projected Unit Credit | Projected Unit Credit | Projected Unit Credit |
| Amortization Method | Level Percent of Payroll | Level Percent of Payroll | Level Percent of Payroll |
| Remaining Amortization | 37.3 Years - | 35.3 Years – | 25.0 Years - |
| Period | Closed Period | Closed Period | Closed Period |
| Amortization Period for new | 25 years | 25 years | 25 years |
| Gains/Losses | | | |
| Asset Valuation Method | 10-year | 10-year | 10-year |
| | Smoothed | Smoothed | Smoothed |
| | Market | Market | Market |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.0% | 7.0% | 7.0% |
| Projected Salary Increases | Varies by age | Varies by age | Varies by age |
| | and service | and service | and service |
| Includes Inflation At | 3.0% | 3.0% | 3.0% |
| Cost-of-Living Adjustments | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |

FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

The funded status as of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

| Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u> | Actuarial Value of Assets | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) | Funded <u>Ratio</u> | Unfunded AAL (UAAL) | Covered Payroll | UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 12/31/13 | \$637,490 | \$532,341 | (1)/(2) 119.8% | (2)-(1) \$(105,149) | \$360,204 | (4)/(5) (29.2)% |

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation, and reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

NOTES OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 8 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – Continuation

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death): retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB.

| City offers supplemental death to: | Plan Year 2013 | Plan Year 2014 |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Active employees (yes or no) | Yes | Yes |
| Retirees (yes or no) | Yes | Yes |

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$1,283, \$1,221, and \$1,351, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The city's major areas of risk management are: public officials' liability, automobile liability, airport liability, general comprehension liability, property damage, workers' compensation, and employee health insurance. The City has obtained insurance with an insurance company and a public entity risk pool in which all risk is transferred to those entities for all the above areas. The City pays a deductible per incident except on the employee health insurance, in which the deductible is the responsibility of the employee. There have been no significant reductions in health insurance coverage from the prior year.

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS

On July 10, 1985, the City, along with other cities, entered into a contract with Greenbelt Municipal and Industrial Water Authority (the "Authority"), whereby the Authority will sell to the cities water produced by the facilities of the Authority. In return, the cities agree to pay for such water based on a usage formula that will provide reimbursements for operations, maintenance and debt service payments to the Authority. The participating cities are jointly and severally responsible for the above payments. Each city's proportionate share is determined annually according to its demand usage from the system. The City paid \$252,432 to the Authority for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014.

NOTE 11 – LITIGATION

The City is a defendant from time to time in various lawsuits. In the opinion of the City's management, any liabilities resulting from such lawsuits will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

NOTE 12 – EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGETED AMOUNTS

During the year ended September 30, 2014, the City had expenditures in excess of the budgeted account in the General Fund in the following areas and amounts:

| General Fund | |
|----------------|--------|
| Libraries | \$ 782 |
| Capital outlay | 33,892 |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Texas Municipal Retirement System Analysis of Funding Progress Last Three Fiscal Years

| Actuarial Valuation Date | <u>12/31/13</u> | <u>12/31/12</u> | 12/31/11 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|
| Actuarial Value of Assets | \$637,490 | \$590,365 | \$546,642 |
| Actuarial Accrued Liability | 532,341 | 481,227 | 449,578 |
| Percentage funded | 119.8% | 122.7% | 121.6% |
| Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) | (105,149) | (109,138) | (97,064) |
| Annual covered payroll | 360,204 | 436,665 | 382,040 |
| UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll | (29.2%) | (25.0%) | (25.4%) |

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

| | | 20 | 014 | | 2013 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | Budgete | d Amounts | ******* | Variance with | |
| | Original | Final | Actual Amounts | Final Budget- Positive (Negative) | Actual Amounts |
| Revenues | | | | <u> </u> | |
| Taxes: | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 230,000 | \$ 230,000 | \$ 218,276 | \$ (11,724) | \$ 208,123 |
| General sales and use taxes | 238,500 | 238,500 | 299,370 | 60,870 | 311,835 |
| Franchise tax | 73,200 | 73,200 | 83,583 | 10,383 | 78,601 |
| Intergovernmental revenue and grants | 33,000 | 33,000 | 33,000 | - | 33,000 |
| Fines and fees | 29,500 | 29,500 | 22,562 | (6,938) | 20,021 |
| Donation | - | - | 33,892 | 33,892 | - |
| Investment earnings | 4,000 | 4,000 | 3,894 | (106) | 4,826 |
| Other revenue | 17,552 | 17,552 | 25,223 | 7,671 | 11,406 |
| Total revenues | 625,752 | 625,752 | 719,800 | 94,048 | 667,812 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| General government: | | | | | |
| Administration | 218,904 | 155,665 | 149,815 | 5,850 | 190,013 |
| Municipal court | 29,449 | 29,449 | 18,956 | 10,493 | 21,499 |
| Code compliance | 47,712 | 49,275 | 30,188 | 19,087 | 41,117 |
| Public safety: | | | | | |
| Police | 140,458 | 143,218 | 142,176 | 1,042 | 138,943 |
| Fire protection | 32,343 | 32,343 | 22,631 | 9,712 | 21,538 |
| Public works: | | | | | |
| Highways and streets | 147,779 | 166,985 | 135,487 | 31,498 | 141,880 |
| Culture and recreation: | | | | | |
| Parks | 11,050 | 11,050 | 8,428 | 2,622 | 384 |
| Libraries | 66,000 | 69,041 | 69,823 | (782) | 66,405 |
| Airport | 7,040 | 4,280 | 3,074 | 1, 206 | 3,390 |
| Capital outlay: | | | 22 222 | (99,000) | 10.450 |
| Capital outlay | - | | 33,892 | (33,892) | 10,450 |
| Total expenditures | 700,735 | 661,306 | 614,470 | 46,836 | 635,619 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | |
| (under) expenditures | (74,983) | (35,554) | 105,330 | 140,884 | 32,193 |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | 10.000 |
| Transfers In | 74,983 | 52,982 | 9,000 | (43,982) | 42,999 |
| Total other financing | | | | 110.000 | 10.000 |
| sources (uses) | 74,983 | 52,982 | 9,000 | (43,982) | 42,999 |
| Net change | | 17,428 | 114,330 | 96,902 | 75,192 |
| Fund balance - October 1 (Beginning) | 439,331 | 439,331 | 439, 33 1 | - | 364,139 |
| Fund balance - September 30 (Ending) | \$ 439,33 1 | \$ 456,759 | \$ 553,661 | \$ 96,902 | \$ 439,331 |

CITY OF CLARENDON, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

| | | | | | | 2014 | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|-------|----|---------|---|-------------|----|-------------|---|----------|
| | | Court | | Library | | | | | | Total |
| | | Tech | | Savings | Ĥ | Hotel/Motel | Ē | Improvement | 2 | Nonmajor |
| | | Fund | | Fund | | Fund | | Fund | | Funds |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted assets: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | Ф | 2,012 | មា | 109,836 | φ | 117,291 | \$ | 198,288 | Ф | 427,427 |
| Investments | | • | | 5,000 | | 1 | | F | | 5,000 |
| Total assets | Ь | 2,012 | ы | 114,836 | φ | 117,291 | φ | 198,288 | ல | 432,427 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 69 | ı | θ | ı | ю | I | ዓ | | ዓ | ' |
| Total liabilities | | - | | | | 1 | | * | | • |
| Fund halances | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unreserved and Undesignated: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reported in the | | | | | | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Fund | | 2,012 | | 114,836 | | 117,291 | | 198,288 | | 432,427 |
| Total fund balances | | 2,012 | | 114,836 | | 117,291 | | 198,288 | | 432,427 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | ÷ | 2,012 | ф | 114,836 | Ś | 117,291 | ஒ | 198,288 | ф | 432,427 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

| | | | | | | 2014 | Ì | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------|---------|--------------------|------|-------------|-----|-------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | Court Tech | | Say Lib | Library Savings | Hote | Hotel/Motel | đuj | Improvement | ž | Total Nonmajor |
| | Fund | | Ū, | Fund | - | Fund | | Fund | | Funds |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other taxes | ю | ı | ម | , | க | 85,696 | 49 | ł | 69 | 85,696 |
| Fines and fees | | 406 | | 4,360 | | 4 | | 103,828 | | 108,594 |
| Investment earnings | | • | | 525 | | 443 | | , | | 968 |
| Other | | ' | | 1,825 | | | | ' | | 1,825 |
| Total revenues | | 406 | | 6,710 | | 86,139 | | 103,828 | | 197,083 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tourism | | ı | | • | | 146,060 | | ł | | 146,050 |
| Culture and recreation: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Supplies | | , | | 11,347 | | · | | ' | | 11,347 |
| Repairs | | 385 | | , | | 3 | | ł | | 385 |
| Total expenditures | | 385 | | 11,347 | | 146,060 | | - | | 157,792 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | ç | | 1259 81 | | | | | | |
| (under) expendicues | | 7 | | (100,4) | | (178'BC) | | 02,020 | | 28,281 |
| Transfers Out | | ' | | • | | • | | (52,000) | | (52,000) |
| Net change | | 5 | | (4,637) | | (59,921) | | 51,828 | | (12,709) |
| Fund balance - October 1 (Beginning) | | 1,991 | | 119,473 | | 177,212 | | 146,460 | | 445,136 |
| Fund balance - September 30 (Ending) | க | 2,012 | ÷ | 114,836 | ю | 117,291 | க | 198,288 | φ | 432,427 |

`*

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council Clarendon, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Clarendon, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Clarendon, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 2, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Clarendon, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Clarendon, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Clarendon, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Clarendon, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Joster Sambert LLC \subset

Foster & Lambert L.L.C. January 2, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

| Type of auditor's report issued: | Unqualified | |
|--|-------------|------|
| Internal Control over financial reporting: | | |
| Material weakness(es) identified? | Yes | No |
| Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? | Yes | x_No |
| Non compliance material to financial statements noted? | Yes | xNo |

2. Federal Awards

Under the guidelines of OMB Circular A-133, a Single Audit was not required for the year ended September 30, 2014.

B. Financial Statement Findings

No findings

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Under the guidelines of OMB Circular A-133, a Single Audit was not required for the year ended September 30, 2014.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

None